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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.

APPLICATION NO.

10/814,373

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FILING DATE

03/31/2004

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ROGER H. STEIN Wallenstein Wagner & Rockey, Ltd.

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CHICAGO, IL 60606-6630

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

EXAMINER

2854

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Andrew L. Oleson

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		1	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary			10/814,373	OLESON, ANDREW L.			
		E	xaminer	Art Unit			
			Marissa L. Ferguson-Samreth	2854			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 August 2006</u> .						
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
<i>′</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
-/-	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>51,52 and 59-80</u> is/are pending in the application.						
• —	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>51,52 and 71-80</u> is/are allowed.						
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>59-70</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•				
· ·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or e	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers						
	• The specification is objected to by the E	ivaminar					
,	•		⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to	hy the Examiner			
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 31 March 2004 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 59 and 65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in view of Oleson (US Patent 5, 921,176) in view of Iwamoto et al. (JP 2000203034) and Rivin (US Publication 2003/0185624).

Regarding claims 59 and 65, Oleson teaches a frame (3) holding the screen (12) and one or more frame holders (10) for supporting each screen (12) above the item (T) I printed on. However he does not teach a first and second set of shims/spacers having one or more shims, generally uniform predetermined thickness for each frame holder and each shim and wherein each shim of each set adapted to be optionally positioned between a frame holder and the frame such that the shims of a set can be used simultaneously with all of the frame holders in a number of different combinations to adjust and evenly increase the vertical distance and space between the frame and the item to be printed upon.

Iwamoto et al. teaches a method of screen printing of a glass substrate wherein a shim spacer is positioned in a space between a runner and a table and wherein the shim spacer of a set can be used simultaneously in a number of different combinations

to adjust and evenly increase the vertical thickness (Constitution, Lines 16-32) and space between the table and the item to be printed upon (this limitation is not positively claimed and the set of shims in the prior art has the capability of being simultaneously used in different combinations).

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It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention as taught by Oleson to include a shim spacer as taught by Iwamoto et al., since Iwamoto teaches that it is advantageous to appropriately adjust the elevation thereby enabling good print quality.

However, Oleson and Iwamoto et al. does not teach a second set of shims/spacers having one or more shims and wherein the shims have generally uniform predetermined thickness. Rivin teaches a set of uniform thickness (Page 2, Paragraph 0024, Lines 13-15) elastomeric shims (elements 12,13). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention as taught by Oleson to replace the shim thereof with a shim of uniform thickness as taught by Rivin, since Rivin teaches that it is advantageous to provide a less bulky and uniform shim that reduces frictional losses.

Oleson, Iwamoto et al. and Rivin do not teach a second set of shims/spacers having one or more shims. Iwamoto et al. teaches a set of shim spacers including one shim, however it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Harza 124 USPQ 400.* It would have been obvious to add a second shim spacer, since such a modification would result in a frame having additional support thereby providing a stable framing structure.

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2. Claims 60, 63, 64, 66, 69 and 70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in view of Oleson (US Patent 5, 921,176) in view of Iwamoto et al. (JP 2000203034) and Rivin (US Publication 2003/0185624) as applied to claims 59 and 65 above, and further in view of Deschenes (US Publication 2002/0148172).

Regarding claims 60 and 66, Oleson, Iwamoto et al. and Rivin all teach a method and apparatus claimed with the exception of wherein each shim has a means associated therewith for interconnecting the shim to another shim and/or to a frame holder such as a contact area. Deschenes teaches a thin strip of wood (element 15 can function as the means for interconnection) that joins the surfaces of both shims/spacers together (Abstract and Paragraph 0032) and uses an adhesive tape (30) for holding shim assemblies of one row to another row during shipping.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention as taught by Oleson in view of Iwamoto et al. and Rivin to have an interconnection means as taught by Deschenes, since Deschenes teaches that it is advantageous to properly and effectively join the shims together in a secure manner.

Regarding claims 63,64 and 69, Oleson, Iwamoto et al. and Rivin all teach a method and apparatus claimed with the exception of each set of shims or one or more sets having one or more shims and the first predetermined thickness can be the same or different than the second predetermined thickness. Deschenes teaches a bundle/package of shims/spacers (18,28) having different predetermined thicknesses (Abstract and Page 2, Paragraph 0031).

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Also, specifically regarding claim 70, Deschenes teaches a package of shims/spacers, which includes multiple sets of shims/spacers (3 or more as shown in figures 8 and 9). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention as taught by Oleson, lwamoto and Rivin to have a plurality of shims/spacers of different thicknesses as taught by Deschenes, since Deschenes teaches that it is advantageous to have selectable thicknesses to provide an easier method of properly aligning shims.

3. Claims 61,62,67 and 68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in view of Oleson (US Patent 5, 921,176) in view of Iwamoto et al. (JP 2000203034), Rivin (US Publication 2003/0185624) and Deschenes (US Publication 2002/0148172) as applied to claims 59 and 65 above, and further in view of Ingold (US Patent 4,713,922).

Regarding claims 61 and 67, Oleson, Iwamoto et al., Rivin and Deschenes all teach the claimed method and invention with the exception of a method and apparatus comprising at least one fastener for each frame holder to interconnect the shims disposed between the frame and the frame holder either to each other and/or to the frame holder. Ingold teaches a frame mounting structure with at least one fastener for interconnecting sets of shims/spacers disposed between a door-mounting unit (element 24 and Column 4, Lines 24-33 and Lines 52-63).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to further modify the invention as taught by Oleson,

Iwamoto et al., Rivin and Deschenes to replace the interconnection thereof with a fastener interconnection as taught by Ingold, since Ingold teaches that it is advantageous to provide expandable shim surfaces to allow for the adjustment needed to provide a secure connection.

Regarding claims 62 and 68, Oleson, Iwamoto et al., Rivin and Deschenes all teach the claimed method and invention with the exception of a mechanism for holding the frame in the frame holder and the same mechanism will hold the frame and one or more shims in the frame holder below the frame and between the frame holder and the frame. Ingold teaches a frame mounting structure wherein each frame structure includes a studding mechanism for interconnecting (7) for the one or more shims/spacers (12,14) in the mounting connection (Column 5, Lines 53-68 and Column 6, Lines 1-6).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to further modify the invention as taught by Oleson, Iwamoto et al., Rivin and Deschenes to include a mechanism for holding the frame and the shims as taught by Ingold, since Ingold teaches that it is advantageous to provide a secure and permanent connection thereby preventing movement of the frame and shims.

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Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 51,52 and 71-80 are allowed

5. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Regarding claim 51, the prior art does not teach or render obvious a method for modifying an existing printing press to accept a pair of height-adjusting shims comprising the steps of: positioning each one of the pair of shims on each of a pair of opposed frame holders, determining at least one location for an aperture on each of the opposed frame holders to facilitate fastening of the pair of shims to the pair of opposed frame holders, positioning a drill bit on each of the opposed frame holders at the determined location and drilling a hole in each of the opposed frame holders at the determined location.

Regarding claims 71 and 76, the prior art does not teach or render obvious a method for adjusting the vertical height of a frame for a screen supported by one or more frame holders relative to an item to be printed upon comprising the step of positioning the selected at least one set of shims simultaneously between a frame holder and the frame to adjust and evenly increase the vertical distance between the frame and the item to be printed upon.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 59-70 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marissa L. Ferguson-Samreth whose telephone number is (571) 272-2163. The examiner can normally be reached on (M-T) 6:30am-4:00pm and every other(F) 7:30am-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-2258. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Marissa L Ferguson-Samreth Examiner Art Unit 2854

MFS

Daniel J. Colilla Primary Examiner Art Unit 2854